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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/939,870	08/27/2001	Yoko Hayashida	N26180400W	4837
7:	590 11/12/2003		EXAM	INER
Darryl G. Wal WALKER & S.			NGUYEN,	DANNY
Suite 235			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
300 South First Street			2836	
San Jose, CA	95113		DATE MAILED: 11/12/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	09/939,870	HAYASHIDA ET AL.				
126 /	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Danny Nguyen	2836				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED 29 October 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.						
_	PLY [check either a) or b)]					
 a)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF TH	g date of the final rejection. IE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of t (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Offic timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 Cl	t extension and the corresponding amore he shortened statutory period for reply of elater than three months after the mail	unt of the fee. The appropriate extension				
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.						
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:						
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);						
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);						
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.						
NOTE:						
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).						
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .						
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.						
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.						
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed: <u>16-20</u> .						
Claim(s) objected to: <u>4 and 9-11</u> .						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-3,5-8 and 12-15</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
B. ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is a) ☐ approved or b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						
0. Other:						
BRIAN SIRCUS						
		ERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER ECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800				

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant's arguments of claims 1, 8, and 12 are not persuasive

In response to Applicant's argument of claim 1, that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the Examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. In re Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). references are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA) 1969. In this case, Tailliet teaches plurality of two clamping devices (EC2j) can be varied depending on its location relative to the pad which they are connected to (see col. 4, lines44-47). This teaching is applicable to all protection circuits and that one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the benefits to all protection circuits (of pads in chips). The teaching should not be narrowly construed and therefore, would provide motivation to a CDM designer as well.

Regarding claim 1, applicant argued that the Tailliet reference does not disclose at least two of the second clamping circuits vary from each other. However, Tailliet teaches col. 3, lines 10-17 that the distance from the first protection device to the circuit elements to be protected determines whether a second protection device is necessary. Then Tailliet states that one determines the size of the protection device and resistance by choosing a resistance appropriately (col. 4, lines 34-47). Therefore since the distance is importance (col. 4, lines 5-9), one would choose the resistance and protection element based upon distance from the pad and first protection element to the protected device and would also consider desired current limiting capability to select a desired resistance and protection element combination for the second protection devices. Further since the locations of elements vary as disclosed in Tailliet (col. 3, lines 10-19), one of ordinary skill in the art would have selected appropriate values of resistance and protection capabilities for each secondary protection device and resistance.

Regarding to claim 8, applicant argued that APA does not discloses input resistance including non-wiring structure, However, this limitation is shown in fig. 17(such as resistance 114a), Therefore, applicant's argument of claim 8 is not persuasive.

Regarding claim 12, applicant argued that Taillient does not two different power supply. However, Taillient shows two different power supply in fig. 1 (such as P1 and P2). Therefore, applicant's arguments of claim 12 are not persuasive.